

Theorists explained that the reason the police could not impact crime was because

- A) there were too few police
- B) the police did not have community support
- C) crime resulted from social issues
- D) the courts had hampered law enforcement with overly liberal court rulings
- E) all of the above
- F) A and B only
- G) C and D only

In 1990, one of the first law enforcement agencies to realize that, contrary to expert opinion, the police could have an impact on crime was the

- A) Boston Police Department
- B) Los Angeles Police Department
- C) Baltimore Police Department
- D) New York City Police Department
- E) NYC Transit Police
- F) none of the above

One of the first researchers / authors to point out that police decision making should be supported by data to reduce the likelihood of arbitrariness and faulty value judgments was

- A) Samuel Walker
- B) Jack Maple
- C) Mark Moore
- D) Herman Goldstein
- E) none the above

The term CompStat most nearly means

- A) complete statistics
 - B) computer statistics
 - C) computer-driven statutes
 - D) complaint statistics
 - E) computer-driven crime statistics
 - F) none of the above
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CompStat can best be defined as

- A) a method of accountability for police managers to deliver lowered crime rates
- B) a method of reducing crime through aggressive enforcement and follow up
- C) a comprehensive, continuous analysis of results for improvement and achievement of prescribed outcomes
- D) a comprehensive, continuous analysis of arrest statistics for improvement and achievement of higher arrest and conviction rates and lowered crime rates
- E) none of the above

The implementation of CompStat, as set forth in the New York model, rests on five basic principles: (check all that apply)

- A) Specific objectives
- B) Increased operational budget
- C) Timely and accurate intelligence
- D) Experimental and "out of the box" tactics and techniques
- E) Rapid deployment of personnel and resources
- F) Effective strategies and tactics
- G) Complete support from all other aspects of the local criminal justice system
- H) Relentless follow-up and assessment

Steven Covey stated that all great people have one thing in common:

- A) They know what it is they want to achieve
- B) They know how important hard work is
- C) They know how important an education is
- D) They accumulate great wealth and then are able to do good works
- E) none of the above

The chief of police in concert with top-level commanders selecting crime-specific objectives is important because

- A) it sends a clear message to all in the department about what is worthy of focus and attention
 - B) then lower level managers, supervisors and officers can respond with questions, comments and suggestions
 - C) a budget has to be implemented to support the achievement of the objectives
 - D) all of the above
 - E) none of the above
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In 1990 the objectives set by the new chief of police in the NYC Transit System were specific and firm: (check all that apply)

- A) reduce robberies
- B) reduce fare evasion
- C) reduce graffiti
- D) reduce the number of homeless persons using the transit system
- E) reduce disorder
- F) none of the above

The "engine" that now drives CompStat is

- A) timely and accurate intelligence
- B) district commander accountability
- C) relentless followup
- D) the fear of failure instilled in the operational personnel
- E) all of the above
- F) none of the above

In early discussion of CompStat, some feared

- A) brutality and excessive force were required operating stances
- B) the system was anathema to community policing
- C) the system was anathema to problem solving policing
- D) the system was just a rehash of the unsuccessful team policing model of the 1970s and 80s
- E) all of the above
- F) A and B only
- G) C and D only