

Perhaps the best-known comprehensive program for addressing the problems of guns and youth is

- (A) Los Angeles' Operation Trigger Lock
- (B) New York's Operation Gun Down
- (C) Boston's Operation Ceasefire
- (D) Seattle's Operation Gun Drop
- (E) none of the above

In Los Angeles, in dealing with gang homicides and street assaults, police were successful in reducing these crimes by identifying hot spots and also

- (A) setting up permanent surveillance
- (B) teaching the Gang Resistance Education and Training (GREAT) program in local schools
- (C) closing all major roads leading to and from the major hot spots
- (D) working with prosecutors to make all gang violence a federal crime with a long sentence
- (E) all of the above

In combating clandestine drug labs, what is widely considered to be one of the most effective responses?

- (A) filing civil actions against persons who allow their properties to be used as clandestine drug labs
- (B) enforcing environmental protection laws because the burden of proof is typically less
- (C) monitoring the sale and distribution of essential and precursor chemicals used in clandestine drug labs
- (D) regularly searching the homes and vehicles of former lab operators who are on probation and parole
- (E) none of the above

About how many people, 12 and older, have reported using methamphetamine at least once in their lifetime?

- (A) 1 million
- (B) 2.1 million
- (C) 6 million
- (D) 10 million
- (E) 12 million
- (F) none of the above

In 2005, \_\_\_\_\_ hate crimes were reported in the United States, and racial bias accounted for \_\_\_\_% of the single-bias incidents.

- (A) 77,849 / 75.9
- (B) 7,649 / 52.9
- (C) 176,499 / 95.2
- (D) 1,760,000 / 59.2
- (E) none of the above

The eight most important criteria in the skills, knowledge and abilities of COPPS officers are all listed below. Which criteria has as an element; "demonstrating competency in organizing efforts of participants involved in implementing responses" ?

- (A) Time management
  - (B) Awareness
  - (C) Communication
  - (D) Analysis
  - (E) Judgment
  - (F) Goal seeking
  - (G) Planning
  - (H) Coordination
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Of the two major types of problem-solving evaluations, process evaluation and impact evaluation, which one asks the following question; If the problem declined, did the response cause the decline?

- (A) process evaluation
- (B) impact evaluation
- (C) both answer this question
- (D) neither one answers this question

The term "planning cycle" is used for \_\_\_\_\_ - the initial steps to be taken in the process - with appropriate involvement by all stakeholders.

- (A) strategic thinking
- (B) strategic training
- (C) strategic action
- (D) strategic planning
- (E) strategic management
- (F) none of the above

The three essential criteria for crime analysis are included below. Which one answers the question; Does the pattern or trend presented reflect a current problem, or does it represent a previous situation?

- (A) reliability
- (B) redundancy
- (C) relevancy
- (D) verifiability
- (E) timeliness
- (F) replicatability

Within the 5 major objectives or goals of crime prevention outlined by Ronald V. Clarke, the method of "removing inducements" falls under the objective of

- (A) Removing the excuses
- (B) Reducing the provocations
- (C) Reducing the rewards
- (D) Increasing the risks associated with the crime
- (E) Increasing the effort needed to commit the crime
- (F) none of the above